| r. | CONSUMER SERVICES 8476765694 | 06/18 '01 09:17 NO.058 02/04 | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| . · · / | MEIJER | ete: 04/20/2000 Time: 7-13:34 AM | | |
| | Material S-C.4. D | | | |
| | | MEERLAND SWAN | | |
| | TODO | | | |
| | SECTION'1: Chemical Product and Company Identification | | | |
| | | RECEIVED OCT 0 8 2012 | | |
| | Manufacturer: Cumberland Swon One Swan Drive | Date: March 2000 | | |
| | Smyrna, TN 37167 | | | |
| | | . ' | | |
| | Product: Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) | | | |
| | Telephone: (613) 459-8900 | 50%, 70%, 91% and 99% IPA | | |
| 24hr Emergency: (615) 459-8900 ext. 5270 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | SECTION 2: Composition/Inform Name: Isopropanol, IPA, 2-Propanol, Dimethyl C | ation on Ingredients | | |
| | SECTION 2. The second s | arbinol CAS#: 67-63-0 | | |
| | SECTION 3: Hazards Identification | | | |
| | Colorless, volatilo liquid with the odor of rubbing a a dangerous fire risk. Prolonged exposure to eleval may result in irritation of the even, non- and theory | Icohol. Isopropyl Alcohol is | | |
| | may result in irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat (CNS) depression. Prolonged dermal exposure and | and central nervous system | | |
| a substance can result in dry, cracking skin | | | | |
| Potential Routes of Exposure: Ingestion, inhalation, dormal contact, | | | | |
| Target Organs: | | | | |
| | Teleterie Overexposure: | | | |
| | Ingestion: Destroyers | eyes, nose and throat. | | |
| | Contract: Dry, cracking skin | | | |
| | ALLADUI DI KATA | nd/or upper respiratory tract as | | |
| | manifested as giddiness he | | | |
| | and/or nausea. Chronic Effects: Chronic exposure can result contact dermiting Pro-existing dis- | | | |
| | | | | |
| | skin, eyes, and respiratory tract may exacerbated by exposure to isopropy | - In- | | |
| | | | | |
| | HMIS: H=1, F=3, R=0 See Section 8 for PPE infor | mation | | |
| | SECTION 4: First Aid Measures | | | |
| | Flush eyes with conjous amount of | vator for at least 15 minutes | | |
| | Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting if ideal | s, seek medical attention. | | |
| | | | | |
| | difficult. Sook Modical attention (Che | ded oxygen if breathing is | | |
| | difficult. | A solution to be | | |
| | Isopropyl Alcohol MSI | S Page 1 -6.7 | | |
| | | DS Page 1 of 3 | | |
| | | · . | | |
| | | 1 | | |
| | | | | |

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SECTION 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards:

Use water fog, alcohol foam, dry chemical or COZ Containers exposed to intense least from fires should be cooled with large amounts of water to prevent buildup of internal pressure due to vapor generation which could result in container rupture.

Recommendations:

Clear area of unprotected personnel. Wear complete numout gear. Cool containers exposed to fire with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Large Spills:

Eliminate all ignition sources. Equipment must be grounded to prevent sparking. Evacuate the area of unprotected personnel. Contain source of spill. Dike or otherwise confine spilled product. Uncontrolled releases to air, land, or water may be reportable to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802).

Small Spilla: Take up with absorbont material and place in non-leaking container; seal tightly. Dispose of absorbent (see section 13)

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Storage Requirements:

Handling precautions:

Store in tightly closed containers in a cool, dry area away from heat and other possible ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools to open containers. Maintain appropriate class of fire extinguishers nearby in case of fire.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection OSHA PEL=400ppm

OSHA STEL=500ppm IDLH=12,000ppm

Recommended Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof vendlation equipment as necessary to maintain alrooms concentrations below the PEL.

Ground all containers to prevent static sparks during fluid transfers.

Recommended Admin Controls: Train employces on the hazards of Isopropyl

PPE: Goggies, gloves, NIOSH approved respiratory protection required when above

Recommended Hyglene Practices: Clean PPE and work clothing contaminated prior to reuse. After working with this product, be sure to wash before eating, smoking, drinking, or applying cosmetics,

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Colorless Liquid UEL: 1.2% LEL: 2% Odor: Mild Rubbing Alcohol Odor Threshold: 43ppm Water solubility: Miscible

| Vance Province (C) (C) | 50% IPA_ | 70%PA | 91%IPA | 99%IPA |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Vapor Pressure (@ 68 ⁰ F) approx Specific Gravity Boiling Point | .929 | 23mm .878 | 33mm .790 | 33mm .790 |
| Flesh Point (TAG Open Cup) Freezing Point | 176 ° F 74.5 ° F 32-'50 ° C '32-'5 | 176°F 70.5°F | 180°F 54°F | 181 ° F 53 ° F |
| Molecular Weight Auto Ignition Temperature | 47.5 No Data | 0 ° C '32-'5 47.5 No Data | 0 ⁰ C 12 47.5 No Data | 60.1 750 ° F |

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SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

D.

Front: Cumberland Swan To: Pax#18476736352

 To: Pax#18476736352
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 Stability:
 Stabls

 Polymerization:
 Will not occur

 Incompatible Chem:
 Strong oxidizers, accualdehyde, chlorine, ethylene oxide, acids, isocyanates

 Conditions to avoid:
 Heat, sparks, and open flame.

 Do Not store in aluminum > 120 ⁰ F

 Hazardous Products:
 CO and unidentified organic compounds may be formed of Decomposition

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

LD50: 5,840 mg/kg (acute oral - rat); 13,000 mg/kg (acute dermal - rabbit) LD50: 16,000 ppm/8hr (inhalation - rat) Mutagenicity: Not Indicated LD10: 5,000 mg/kg (oral - rabbit) Reproductive Effects: Not Indicated Carcinogenicity: Not identified as a carcinogen by OSHO, LARC, or NTP

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: N/A Environmental Fate: N/A Soll Absorption/Mobility: Highly Mobile Environmental Degradation: Should be removed readily from soils and water by volatilization and biodegradation.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Contact your supplier or a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations. Disposal regulatory Requirements: Follow applicable Federal, state, and local regulations. Consider fuels blending as an alternative to incineration.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

DOT Slipping Name: Isopropanol DOT Hazard Class: 3 UN ID#: UN 1219

DOT Packing Group: II DOT Label: Flammable Liquid

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number/ Classification:D001 CERCLA Substance: N/A HAZARDOUS AIR POLUTANT (CAA): No SARA 311/312 Codes: N/A SARA Toxic Chemical: Yes, (Strong manufacturing only) CERCLA Reportable Quantity: 10,000 lbs (Default)

SECTION 16: Other Information

Propared by: Cumberland Swan

Sources of Information: 29 CFR1910.1000; NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (1993); Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical

Hazards; NFPA Guide to Hazardous Materials - 10th Edition. Disclaimer: While reasonable cars has been taken to ensure the scoursecy

and completeness of the information regarding the material described herein, it is the purchaser's responsibility to ensure the suitability of such information as it applies to the purchaser's intended use of the material.

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